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Cloud Computing Concerns: Cost of data migration, loading, and integration Unexpectedly high cost –eventually Each cloud is another silo Security: Someone is looking at your data! Cyber attacks Insider threats Privacy What if confidential data is leaked?

Cloud is a strategy Provides worry-free maintenance; rapid scalability; incremental cost as you pay as you use Provides system and data backup, archival, and recovery Cloud itself will not solve data integration and management issues. Just introduces efficiency to the process Hence, cloud needs good data governance, high quality metadata, and well-understood data integration process

So What?

- As digital footprints become larger, more will be cloud-based, convenient for access and the security of data redundancy.
- Security & Privacy in cloud computing are major concerns.
 - Data in Cloud should be stored in encrypted form.
- Cloud is a tradeoff between cost and security & privacy.
- · The cloud is a strategy.

Required readings

What is cloud computing?
Security issues associated with the cloud.
Digital footprints and privacy.

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Creating Big Data Projects

- 1. Add more detailed transaction data
- 2. Add unstructured data such as Web, social media, blog, web log data,
- 3. Add dark data
- 4. Add low-latency, real-time, data
- 5. Integrate predictive analytics

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A Summary of BD Technologies (I)

- Big data technologies address issues on Web, Mobile, Social, Cloud, Big Data Analytics, and Al
- Big Data can be characterized by 5Vs
- Hadoop is still good for large unstructured batch applications
- · Spark will dominate real-time or interactive applications
- NoSQL systems were designed to deal with big data up to petabyte level
 - · RDBMSs are good for multi-gigabyte level applications
 - Most NoSQL systems use Schema-on-Read and relaxes the ACID property
 - NewSQL systems are growing

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A Summary of BD Technologies (II)

- In-memory computing is widely used in NoSQL, NewSQL, and analytics
- · Hadoop, EDW, and Data Lake will co-exist
 - ✓ DW contains refined data , while a data lake stores raw data
 - ✓ Data lakes are implemented using Hadoop or in Cloud
- Driving force behind IR 4.0: Big Data, AI, and IOT
- Al makes the system intelligent and smart
- Machine learning platforms are increasingly automated and could support most phases of analytical lifecycles.
- Cloud will become more popular
- · Watch out blockchain technology and its applications!

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Integrated Modern Big Data Architecture The Evolution of Modern Data Engineering Tradicial III Tradicial III Tradicial III Data Lake Data Consecution III Data Science Tradicial III

A Summary of BD Applications (I)

- Big Data enables new things
- Identify business opportunities through datafication
- · For big data projects, apply data analytic life cycles
- Begin from market needs or user needs and then consider technologies
- Asking right business questions are important
- Ability to translate business questions into data science problems are critical
- Big data driving force: Al applications, IoT, Smart City, Smart Health, smart farming, smart manufacturing.
- Predictive analytics solutions analyse patterns found in big data, create a model that can predict potential future outcomes.
- Deep learning is widely applied; good for large scale noisy data

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